AICLIMATE@EU DHEFEUS

INSTITUTO DOM LUIZ /PMA

2023

2026 IDL LIBRARY and ONLINE **1st WORKSHOP**



Ana Russo BRIEFING SESSION



GOAL

• The overarching goal of DHEFEUS is to enhance the knowledge on compound or cascading weather/climate events, namely droughts and heatwaves, and further associate them with wildfires and pollution events in Europe and South America

• DHEFEUS will address the potential weather-air pollution interaction during wildfires and dust storms, taking into consideration that concurrent droughts and extreme temperatures can potentiate fires and the occurrence of air pollution episodes

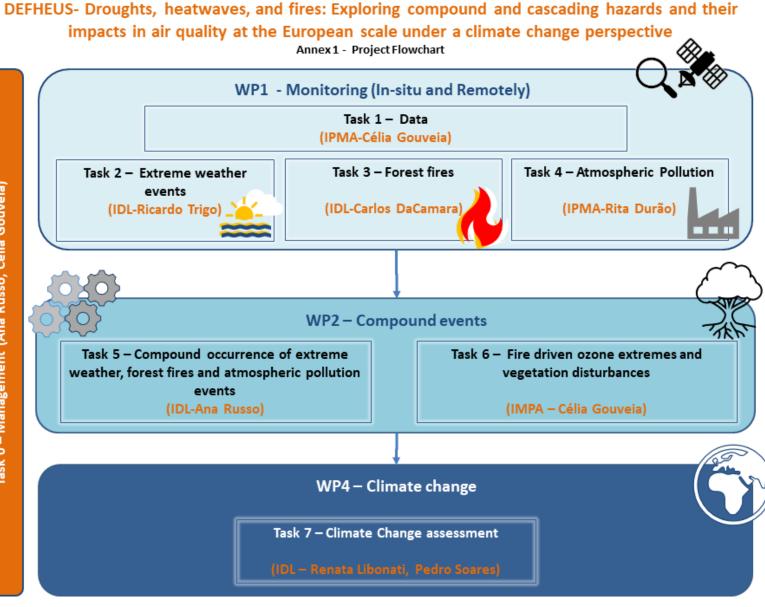
• Apart from addressing weather and climatedriven events, DHEFEUS will also focus on 1) wildfires', which are very sensitive to weather, climate variability and particularly, to weather extremes such as heatwaves and droughts; 2) wildfires' pollutants emissions







Task 0 – Management (Ana Russo, Célia Gouveia)



TASKS



Partnership and Engaging Early Career







Liechtenstein Norway grants

BRIEFING SESSION WORKSHOP TRAINING SESSIONS FINAL MEETING

Ana Russo (IDL/UL) and Pedro Lind (<u>OsloMet/ NordSTAR</u>) established a bilateral relation funded by the European Economic Area Financial Mechanism 2014-2021 (<u>AlClimate@EU</u>). <u>AlClimate@EU</u> strengthened the cooperation activities of both partners, in particular, establishing a network for exchange of climate data and Artificial Intelligence (AI) methods to broaden the knowledge of cascading climate events in Europe leading to possible social and <u>economical</u> catastrophes. Moreover, it ensured the dissemination of results across Europe and fostered future collaboration between the two institutions.



Article | Open access | Published: 20 August 2024

Co-occurrence of marine and atmospheric heatwaves with drought conditions and fire activity in the Mediterranean region

Cite this article

Raquel Santos [™], Ana Russo & Célia M. Gouveia

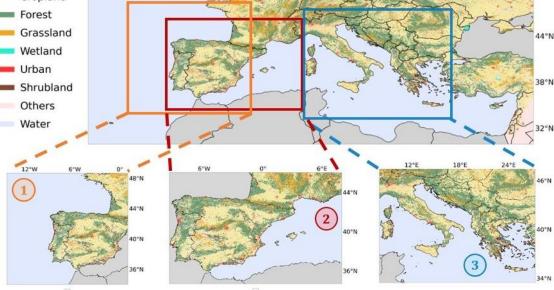
Scientific Reports 14, Article number: 19233 (2024)



36°E

30°E





Spatial and compound dependencies in drought and heatwaves in the climate of South-Western Europe

Ebenezer Takyi



Thesis submitted for the degree of Master in Applied Computer and Information Technology - ACIT (Data Science) 60 credits

Department of Computer Science Faculty of Technology, Art and Design

Oslo Metropolitan University - OsloMet

Spring 2024

6th International Conference on Energy and Environment: bringing together Engineering and Economics Guimarães, Portugal 6-7 June, 2024

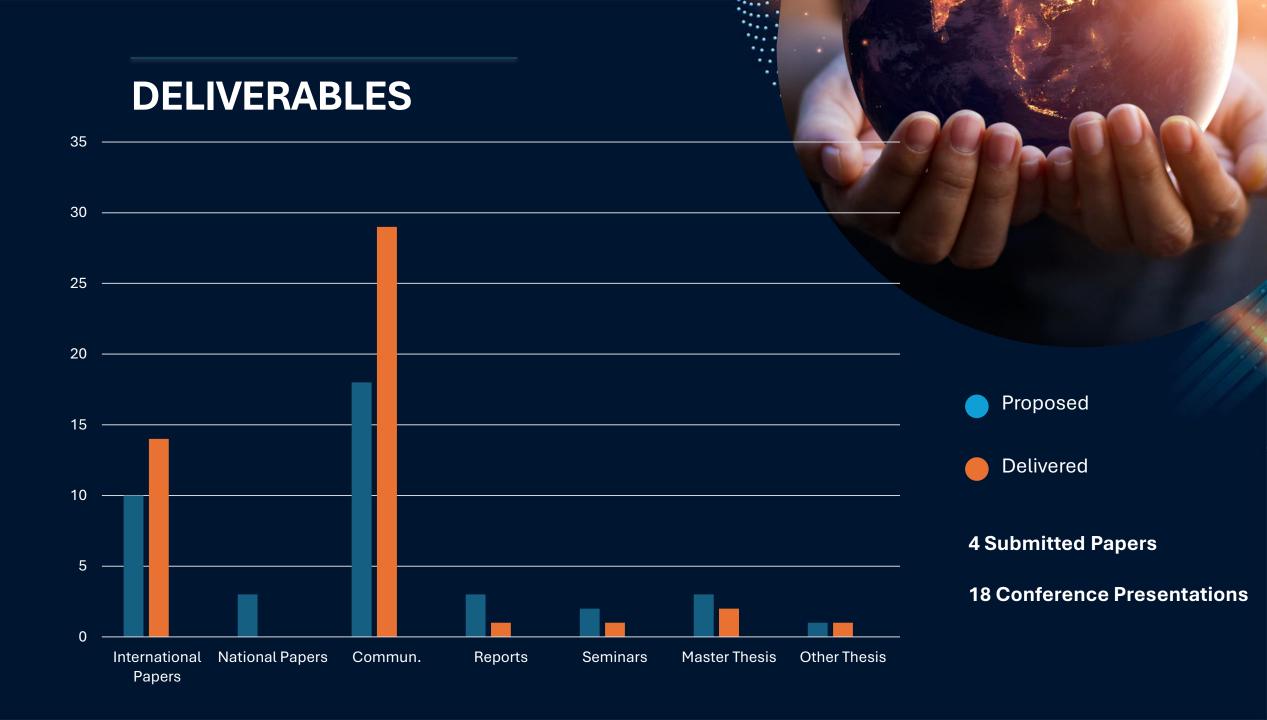
A Markov-chain model for assessing heatwaves and droughts in Iberian Peninsula

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14:20 – 14:40	AI applications to extreme events (Pedro Lind, OsloMet)
14:40 – 14:55	Air pollutants modelling and forecast using in situ and CAMS data in Portugal (André Brito, IPMA, FCUL)
14:55 – 15:10	User-friendly atmospheric blocking detection algorithm helps identification of extreme events (Miguel Lima, IDL, FCUL)
15:10 – 15:20	The adoption of Copernicus Services National Collaboration Programme (Rita Durão, IPMA)
15:20 – 15:50	Coffee Break and Poster Session
15:50 – 16:20	Project Dhefeus - Gaps that still need to be addressed (Francesca Di Giuseppe, ECMWF)
16:20 – 16:30	Compound Climate Events in the Mediterranean: The interaction between marine conditions and heatwaves, droughts and wildfires (Raquel Santos, IPMA, FCUL)
16:30 – 16:40	A global view of concurrent wildfires, droughts, heatwaves, and air pollution: impacts and risks (Virgilio Bento, IDL, FCUL)
16:40 – 16:50	How has burned vegetation been recovering? Assessing post-fire recovery using remote-sensing products and dynamic global vegetation models (Tiago Ermitão, IDL, FCUL, IPMA)
16:50 – 17:00	Compound drought and heatwaves over South America under present and future climate change conditions: evolution, atmospheric dynamics and land–atmospheric feedbacks (João Geirinhas, IDL, FCUL)
17:00 – 17:20	Concluding remarks (Célia Gouveia, IDL, FCUL, IPMA)



TAKE HOME MESSAGES

- Extreme impacts don't require extreme weather
- The analysis of compound events has particular advantages
- Extreme events have impacts on agriculture, fires and vegetation
- **Extreme events have impacts on life**, particularly for certain risk groups
- **Compounded events have higher impacts**

